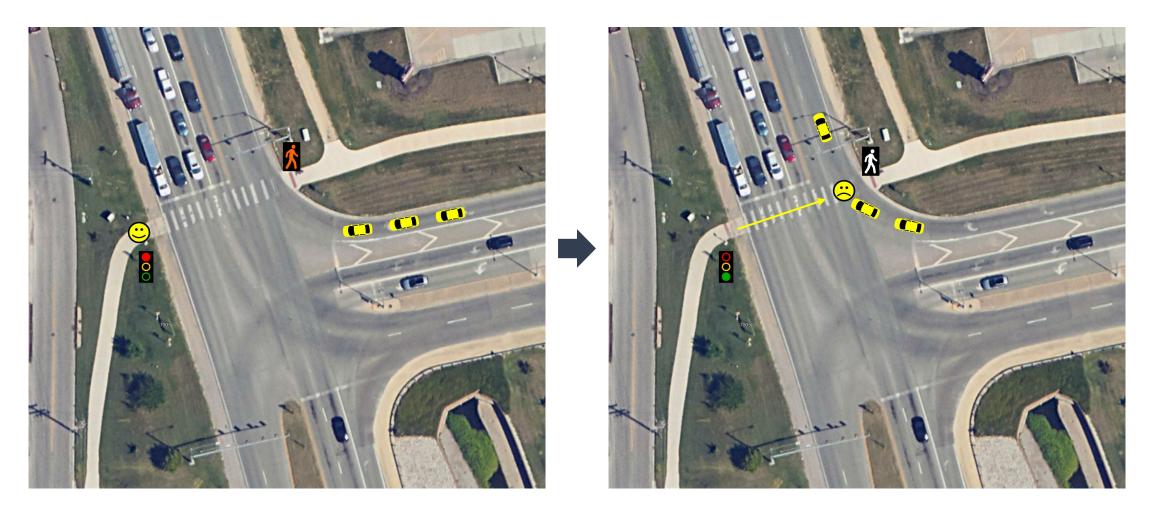


To K-State

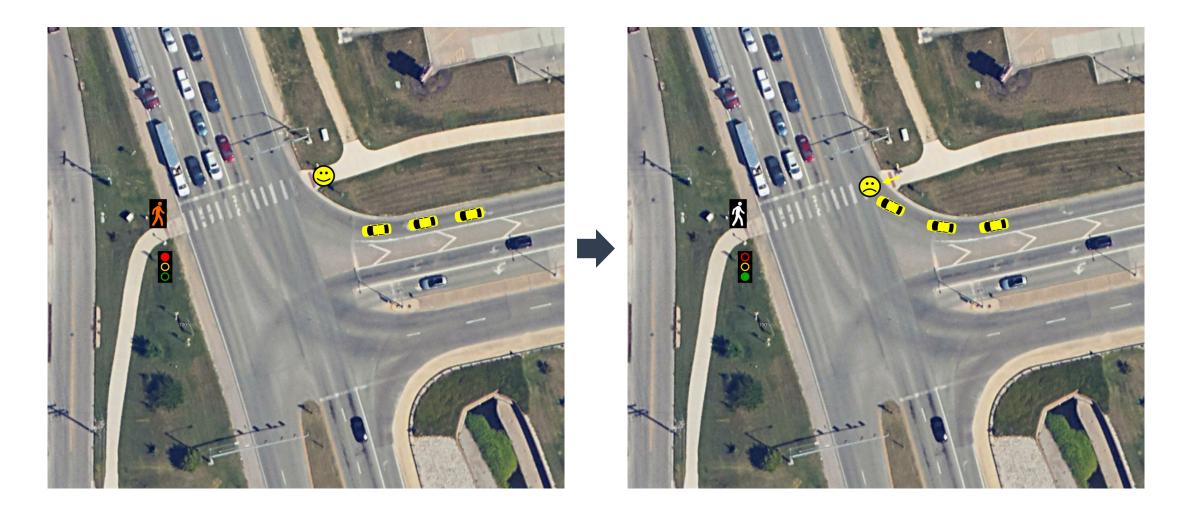
To Northview



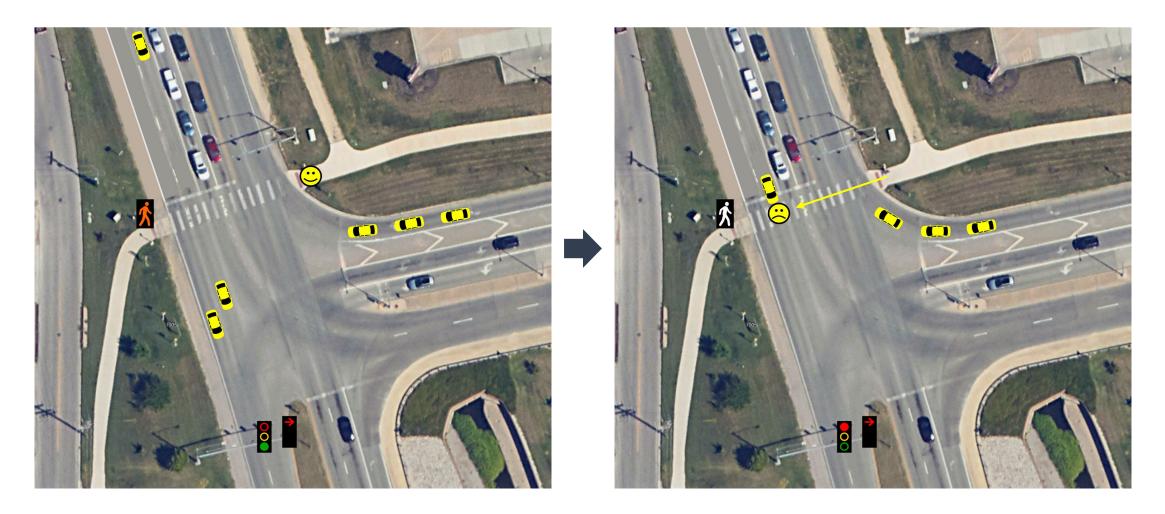
To Linear Trail



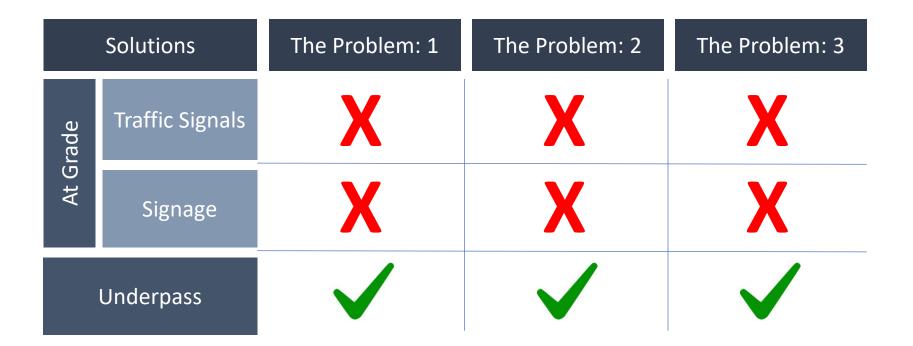
1<sup>st</sup> right turning vehicle sees pedestrian waiting, but when light turns green they go because they can be through the crosswalk before the pedestrian. However, the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> vehicles CANNOT see the pedestrian due to the 1<sup>st</sup> vehicle, and now they are going 10-15mph and turn into the pedestrian.



Turning vehicles see Green Light and DO NOT look for pedestrian (despite Pedestrian Walking signal), and turn into pedestrian.



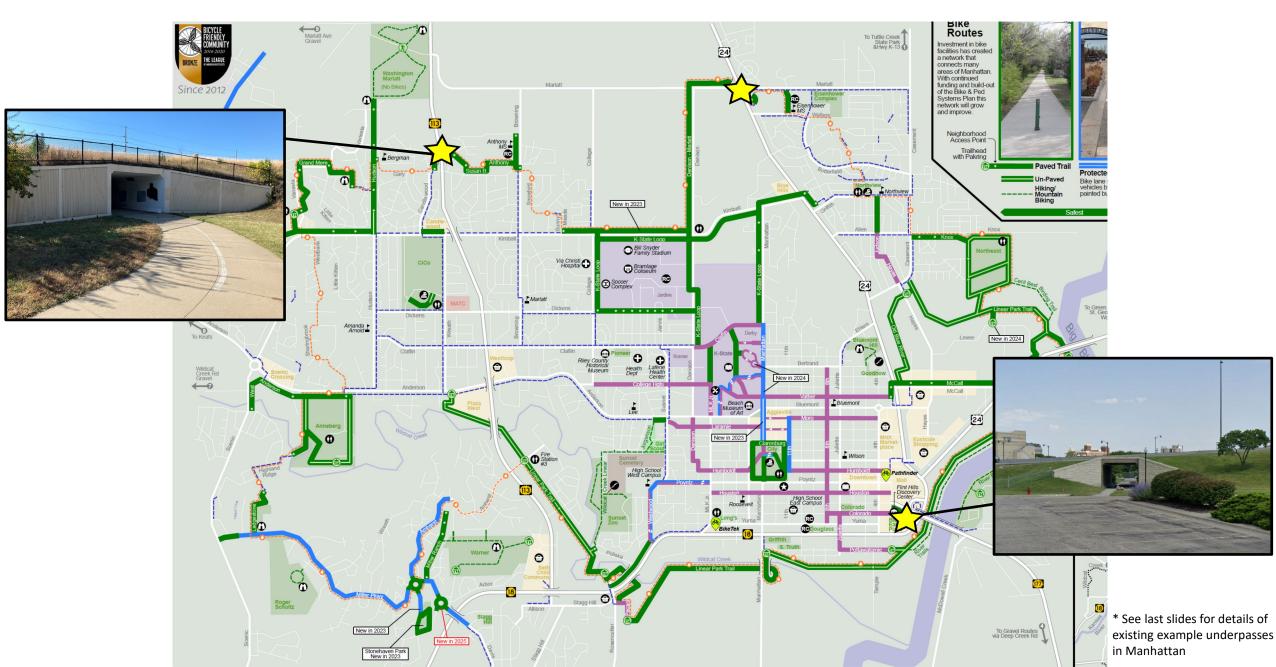
TCB vehicles run the red light, and this vehicle is NOT visible to the pedestrian b/c of the left turning vehicles. This has been relayed to MPO & City staff as a concern by those who have almost been hit by vehicles.



The problems at the intersection of TCB & McCall, cannot be solved by changes to traffic signals or signage. The solution is separation; an underpass. Use the existing topography to create the space needed for an underpass.

### Example Underpasses

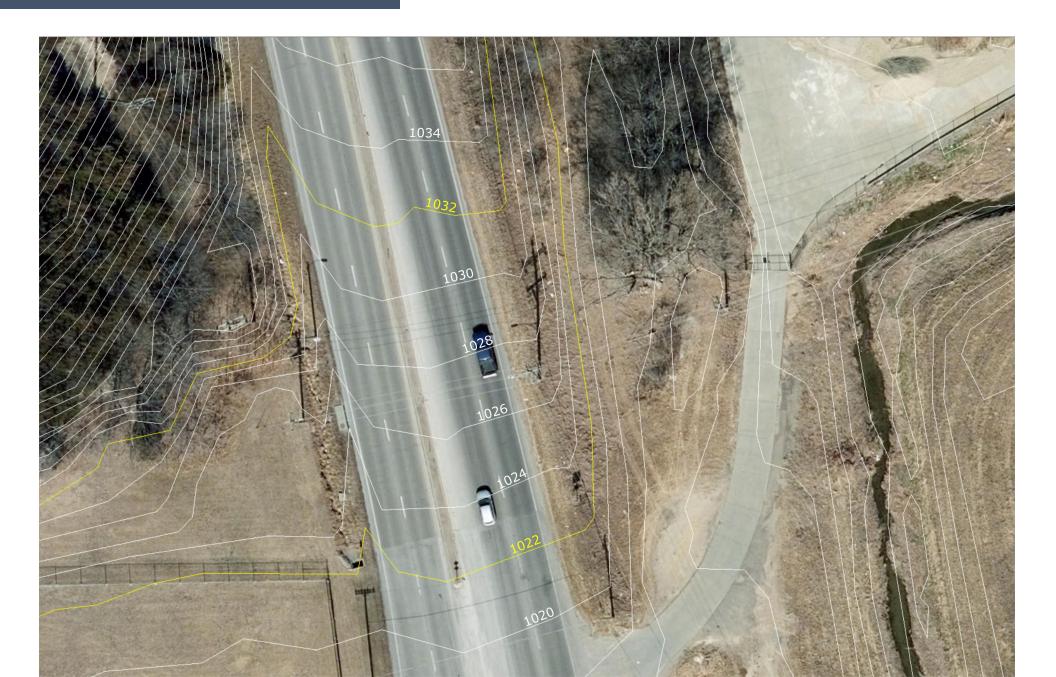
#### MHK already has 3 trail underpasses. Two of them (K-113 & Union Depot) are perfect examples of the proposed US-24 underpass.

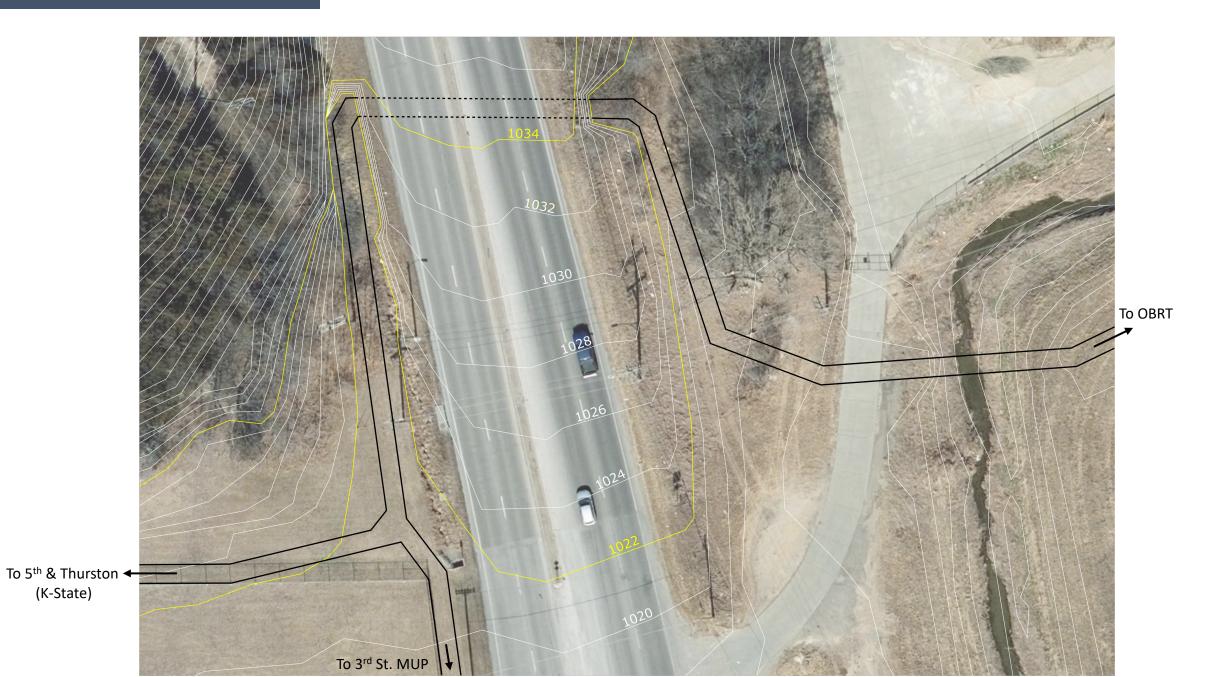


To Northview



# Proposed Connection: Current Elevation Contours





Connecting to the Old Blue River Trail (OBRT) and extending west along the top of the existing berm/access road





### Proposed Connection

#### From the bike/ped bridge, the trail would cross the lime pits access road, before turning to parallel US-24

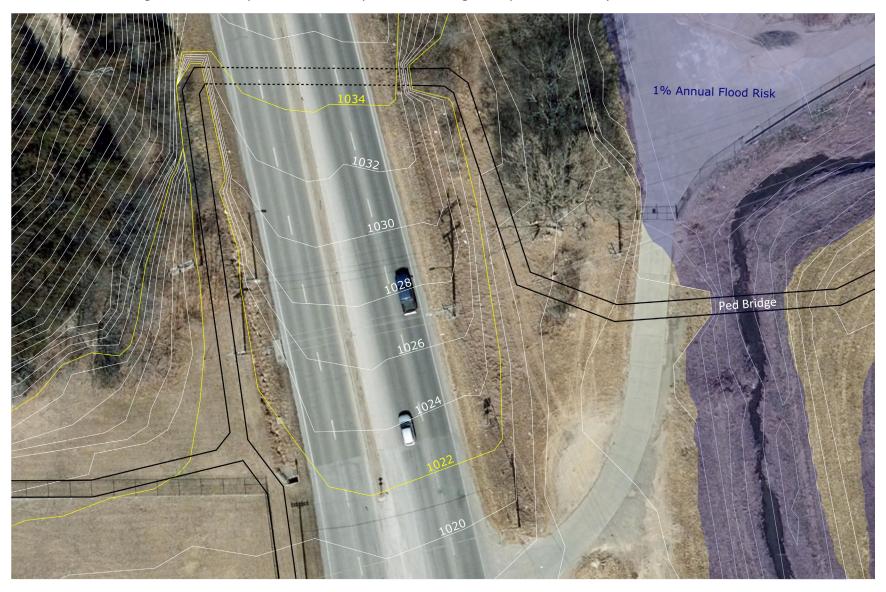


#### With some regrading, the trail would parallel US-24 north until enough elevation is gained to provide room for the underpass

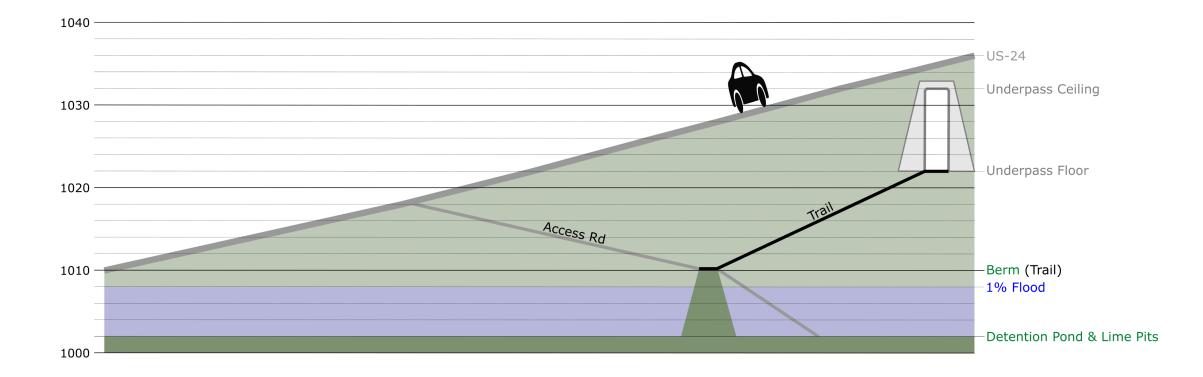








Utilizing the detention pond berm and a pedestrian bridge, the path would stay above the 1% flood zone.



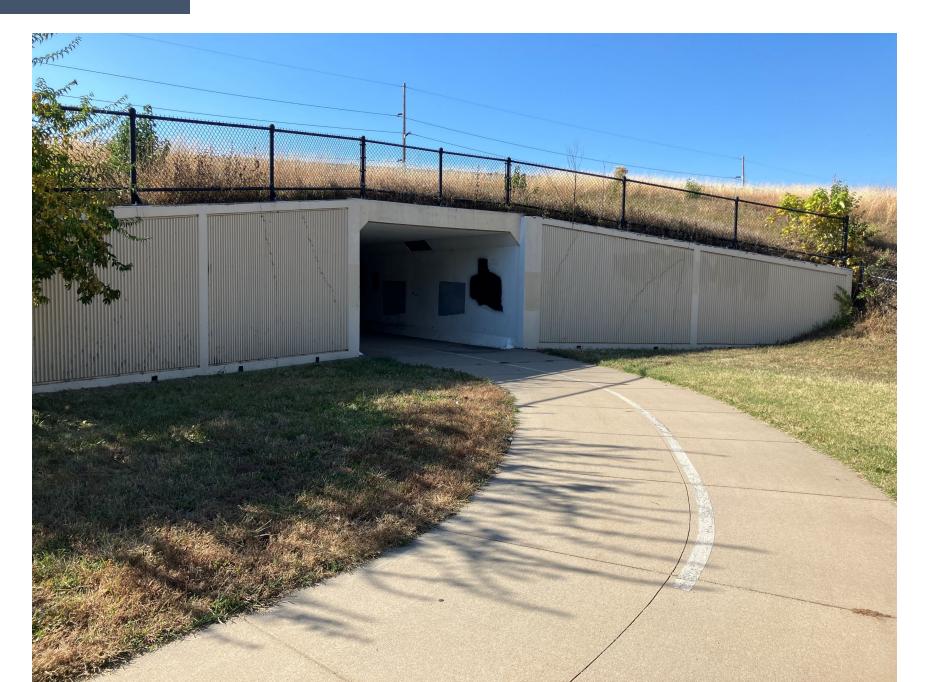
The existing topography creates an opportunity to leverage the elevation gain as US-24 rises to the north. Combining this elevation rise, with the existing above 1% flood zone berm and access road to the east, creates space to install an underpass.

NOTE: This diagram is not to scale horizontally.

	Current			Proposed Underpass		
	Miles	Time: Biking	Time: Walking	Miles	Time: Biking	Time: Walking
Northview	1.7	10 mins.	34 mins.	1.6	10 mins.	32 mins.
Northview	1.2	7 mins.	24 mins.	1.3	8 mins.	26 mins.
Northview	2.1	13 mins.	42 mins.	2.1	13 mins.	42 mins.
K-STATE Walmart	1.2	7 mins.	24 mins.	1.7	10 mins.	34 mins.

Minimal changes to existing distances and times. Combined with significant increase in safety, stress, and ease of use, the underpass is a superior option.

# Example: Seth Child Tunnel

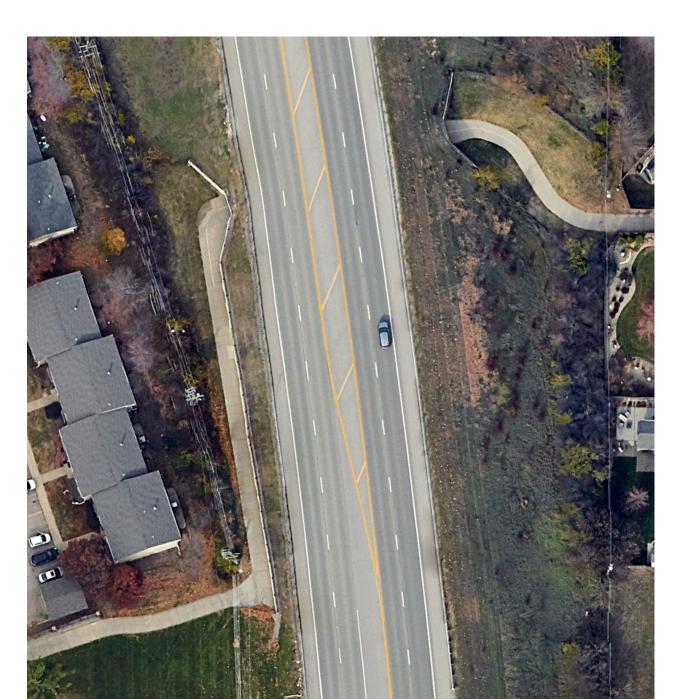




#### Example: Seth Child Tunnel

Similarities: Seth Child Tunnel & Proposed TCB Tunnel

- tunnel exit on the west side of the highway is close (10ft) to the roadway/shoulder
- MUP parallels the highway along a retaining wall
- Both tunnels run north along the highway to where the elevation gain of the highway permits a tunnel (aka, the hill elevation is used to create room for the tunnel)
- Roadway only ~2ft above tunnel





### Example: Union Depot Tunnel

Similarities: Seth Child Tunnel & Proposed TCB Tunnel

- 12ft of elevation between MUP in tunnel & roadway
- Roadway only 1-2 feet above tunnel
- Constructed after the completion of the roadway (retrofit to create a connection)



